## Amendments to the claims:

- 1. (original) A method for determining the thickness of material by penetrating the material, in particular a method for measuring the thickness of walls, ceilings and floors, with which a measurement signal (28) in the gigahertz frequency range emitted using a high-frequency transmitter (24) penetrates the material (10) to be investigated at least once and is detected by a high-frequency receiver (38), wherein the thickness (d) of the material (10) is measured via at least two transit-time measurements of the measurement signal performed at various positions (20, 22) of the high-frequency transmitter (24) and/or the high-frequency receiver (34).
- 2. (original) The method as recited in Claim 1, wherein the high-frequency transmitter (24) and the high-frequency receiver (38) are operated on a first surface (14) of the material (10), and the measurement signal (28) from the high-frequency transmitter (24) is reflected back to the high-frequency receiver (38) by a reflector means (18).
- 3. (original) The method as recited in Claim 2,wherein,the reflector means (18) includes a transponder (40,140, 240, 340).
- 4. (previously presented) The method as recited in Claim 1, wherein

the high-frequency transmitter (24) and the high-frequency receiver (38) are operated in the same device (12), in particular a hand-held device.

(original) The method as recited in Claim 4, wherein the measuring device (12) is moved over a surface (14) of the material to record the at least two transit-time measurements.

- (original) The method as recited in Claim 5,
   wherein,
   the displacement path (s) of the measuring device (12) is detected.
- 7. (original) The method as recited in Claim 1,
  wherein
  the measurement signal (28) is generated in the gigahertz frequency range using
  a pulsed-radar method and is launched into the material (10).
- 8. (previously presented) The method as recited in Claim 1, wherein one or more measurement frequency/frequencies (28) are used in an interval of 1000 MHz to 5000 MHz, and preferably in an interval of 1500 MHz to 3500 MHz.
- 9. (previously presented) A device system for carrying out the method as recited in Claim 1,

wherein

the device includes at least one high-frequency measuring device (12) capable of

being placed on a surface (14) of a material (10), with at least one high-frequency transmitter (24) and a high-frequency receiver (38), and a transponder (40, 140, 240, 340) capable of being moved relative to this high-frequency measuring device.

10. (currently amended) The system as recited in Claim 9, wherein the <u>at least one</u> high-frequency measuring device (12) includes a position-detection system (50, 52) for recording a path (s).